Nar	ne:	Teacher Assessment		Topic 31 - F Loci and Constructions
Se	ection A	Constructing S	Shapes	Grade E / D
1.	Here is a sketch of a triang	le58°	No 32°	ot drawn accurately
			8 cm	

In the space below, make an accurate drawing of the triangle.

(Total 3 marks)

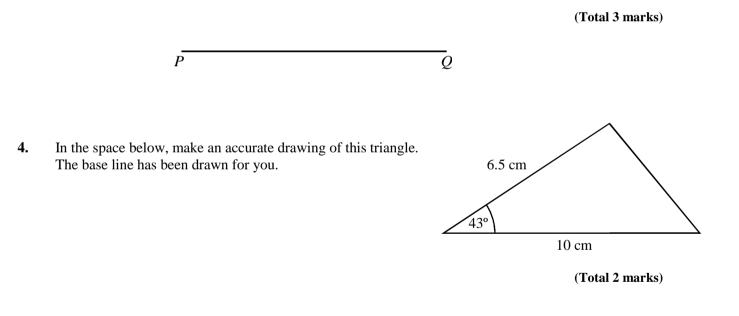
2. In triangle *ABC*, the side *AB* is 7 cm. Angle $A = 40^{\circ}$ and angle $B = 95^{\circ}$.

Make an accurate drawing of the triangle in the space below. The side AB has been drawn for you.

A------B

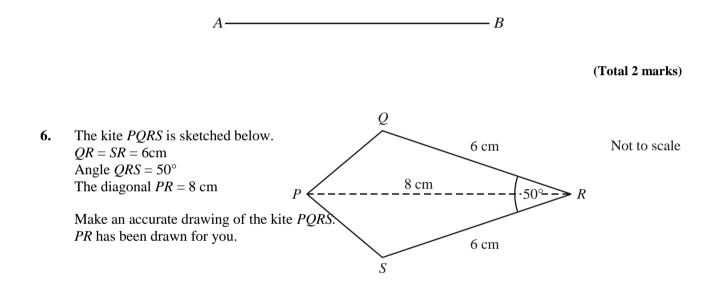
3. In triangle PQR, the side PQ = 7.5 cm. Angle $P = 70^{\circ}$ and angle $R = 80^{\circ}$.

Make an accurate drawing of the triangle in the space below. The line PQ has been drawn for you.

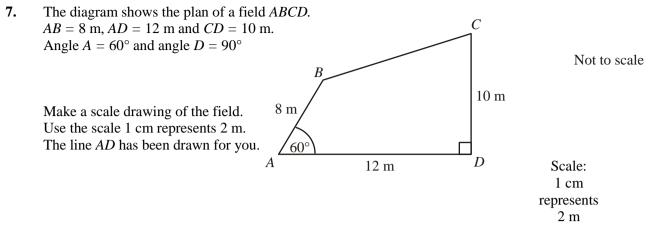


5. In triangle *ABC*, angle $A = 100^\circ$, AB = 7 cm and AC = 4 cm.

Make an accurate drawing of the triangle. The side *AB* has been drawn for you.



P-----*R*



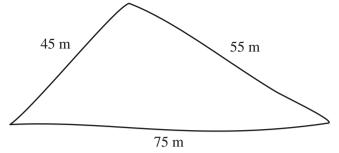
A D

(Total 3 marks)

The sides of a parallelogram are 6 cm and 3.5 cm. The acute angle between the sides is 70° .

Make an accurate drawing of the parallelogram. A side of length 6 cm has been drawn for you.

9. The diagram shows a rough sketch of a triangular field.

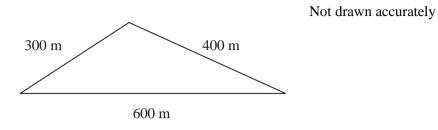


Using ruler and compasses only, make an accurate scale drawing of the field.
Use a scale of 1 cm to represent 10 m.
You must show clearly all your construction arcs.

(b)	The length of one side of the field is 75 metres. This length is measured to the nearest metre.					
	What is the smallest possible length of this side.					
	Answer m (1)					
	(1) (Total 4 marks)					

(3)

10. A plot of land is in the shape of a triangle with sides 300 m, 400 m and 600 m. The sketch shows the plot of land.



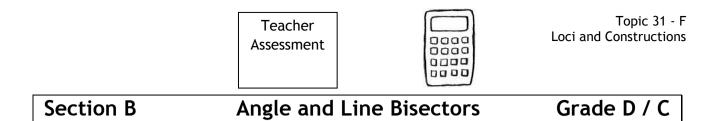
Draw the triangle accurately, using a scale of 1 cm to 50 m.

11. Use a ruler and compasses to construct a rhombus that has sides of 6 cm and whose shorter diagonal is 4 cm.

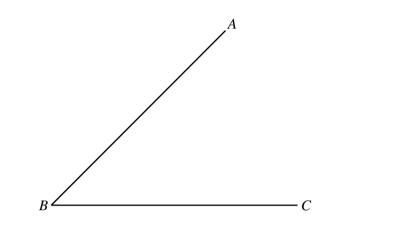
(Total 4 marks)

Success:

Target:

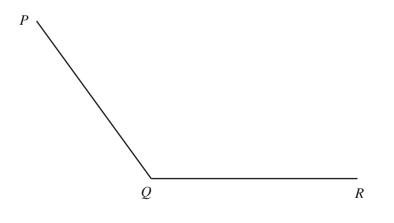


1. Using ruler and compasses only, construct the bisector of angle *ABC*.

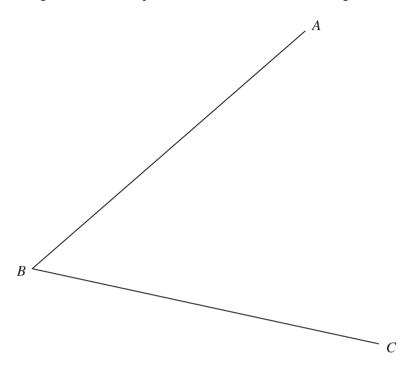


(Total 2 marks)

2. Using ruler and compasses only, construct the bisector of angle PQR.



3. Using a ruler and compasses construct the bisector of angle *ABC*.



(Total 2 marks)

4. (a) The line *LM* is drawn below.

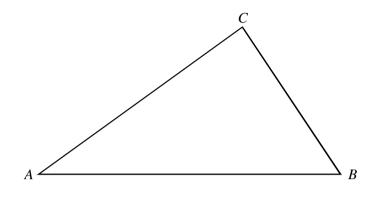
L______M

Use ruler and compasses to construct the perpendicular bisector of *LM*. You **must** show clearly all your construction arcs.

(2)

(b) Complete the sentence. The perpendicular bisector of *LM* is the locus of points which are

5. The diagram shows a triangle, *ABC*.



(a) Using a ruler and compasses only, construct the perpendicular bisector of *AB*.You **must** show clearly all your construction arcs.

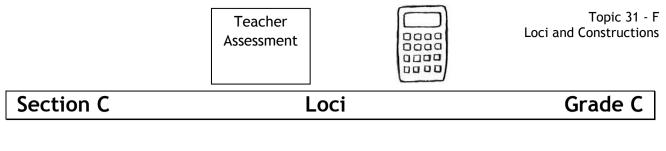
(2)

(1)

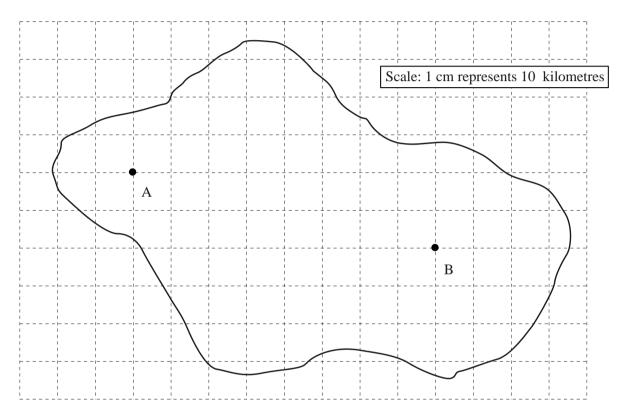
- (b) (i) Repeat this construction on another side of the triangle.
 - (ii) The point of intersection of the two bisectors is the centre of the circle which passes through *A*, *B* and *C*.

Draw this circle.

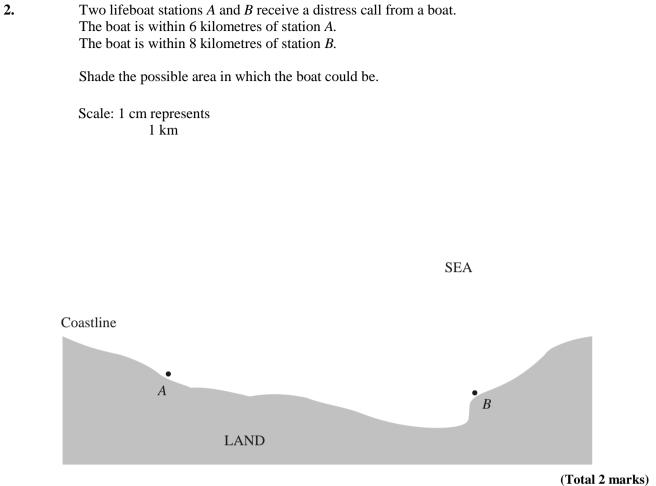
	(Total 5 mark)	(2) (s)
Success:	Target:	



1. There are two TV transmitters on an island. The transmitter at A has a range of 40 km. The transmitter at B has a range of 60 km.

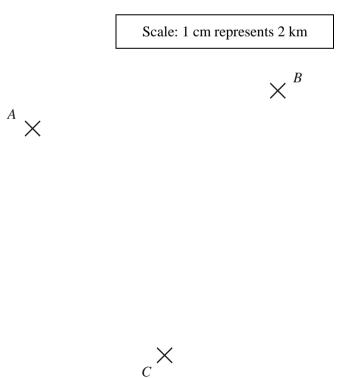


Show clearly the area in which the signal from both transmitters can be received.

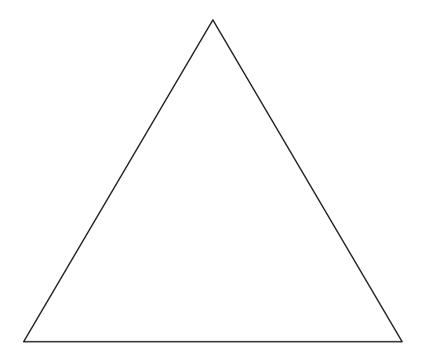


3. The diagram shows three towns *A*, *B* and *C*. 1 cm represents 2 km.

Show on the diagram the region which is less than 10 km from all three towns.



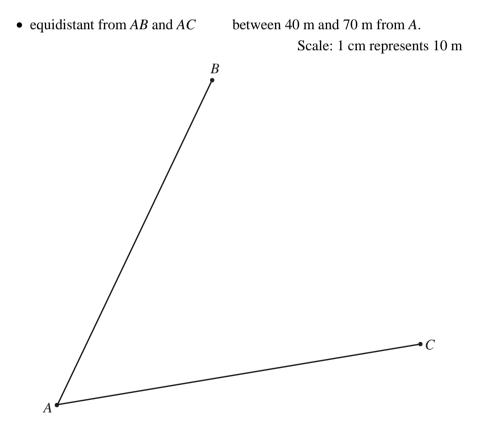
triangle of side 10 cm.



Show on the diagram all the points inside the triangle that are more than 5 cm from each vertex of the triangle. You **must** show clearly all your construction arcs.

(Total 3 marks)

5. *AB* and *AC* represent two walls. A mast is to be erected that is



Show clearly all the possible positions of the mast.

6. The diagram shows an L shape.

Draw the locus of all points 2 cm from the L shape.

(Total 3 marks)

7. *ABCD* is a square of side 8 cm.

Show clearly the region inside the square that is both closer to the point D than to the point A, and closer to the side CD than the side AD.

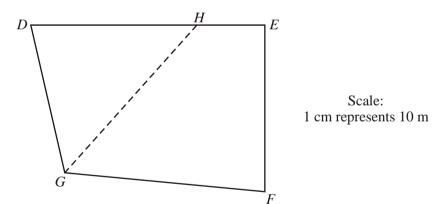
- 8. The diagram shows a quadrilateral *PQRS*.
 - (a) Draw the locus of points that are the same distance from P as from Q.

(2)

(b) Shade the region inside the quadrilateral which is less than 7 cm from S and nearer to Q than to P.

(2)(Total 4 marks)

9. The quadrilateral *DEFG* is a scale drawing of a field. The line *GH* bisects angle *DGF*.



(a) Construct the locus of points in the field which are 40 m from *E*.

(1)

(b) Shade the area of the field which is more than 40 m from E and nearer to DG than to GF.

	_		(1)(Total 2 marks)
Success:		Target:	