Teacher Assessment

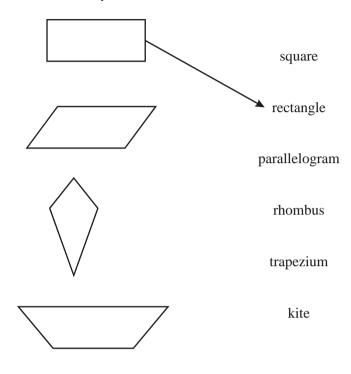


Section A

Properties of Shapes

Grade G / F

1. Draw arrows on the diagram to match each shape with its name. The first arrow has been drawn for you.

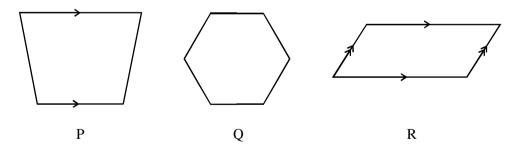


(Total 3 marks)

2. The names of five shapes are given.

parallelogram triangle rectangle trapezium hexagon

Three of them are drawn below.



Complete these statements.

Shape P is called a

Shape Q is called a

Shape R is called a

(3)

(c) How many sides has an octagon?

Answer

(1)(Total 4 marks)

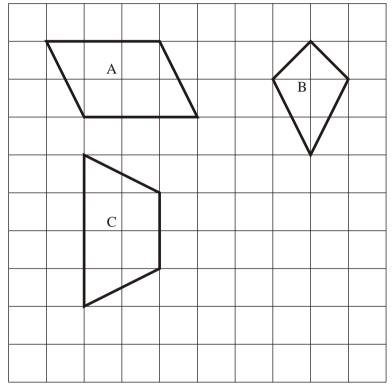
| _ | | | |
|----|----------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 3. | In this triangle all | the sides are | the same length. |



What name is given to this special type of triangle?

| Answer | |
|--------|----------------|
| | (Total 1 mark) |

4. Matthew is drawing different quadrilaterals on a square grid. Here are three of his quadrilaterals.



(a) What name is given to each quadrilateral?

| Answer | Quadrilateral A | | | |
|--------|-----------------|-----|--|--|
| | Quadrilateral B | | | |
| | Quadrilateral C | (3) | | |

(b) (i) On the grid draw a different type of quadrilateral.

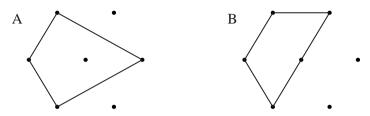
(1)

(ii) What is the name of the quadrilateral you have drawn?

Answer(1)

(Total 5 marks)

| _ | Emonds | danser | ++++0 | quadrilaterals | 010 | | naint | tai on oul | |
|----|---------|--------|-------|----------------|-----|--------|-------|------------|----------|
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| | | | | | | | | | |



| | (| a) | (i) | What specia | al name is | given t | o quadrilateral | A? |
|--|---|----|-----|-------------|------------|---------|-----------------|----|
|--|---|----|-----|-------------|------------|---------|-----------------|----|



(ii) What special name is given to quadrilateral B?

(b) By joining 4 dots on the seven-point grid below draw a rectangle.

(c) By joining 3 dots on the seven-point grid below draw an equilateral triangle.

Success:

Target:

Teacher Assessment

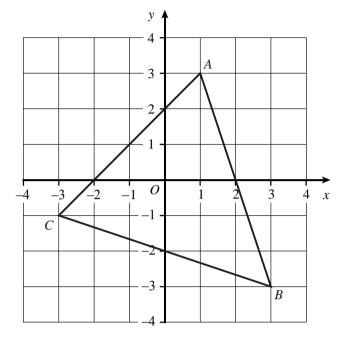


Section B

Plotting co-ordinates

Grade G → D

1. Triangle *ABC* is drawn on a grid.



Write down the coordinates of *A*, *B* and *C*.

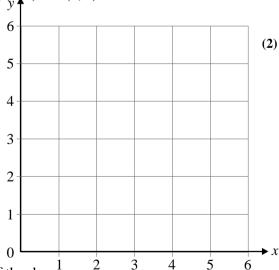
Answer *A* (.....)

B (.....)

C (.....)

(Total 3 marks)

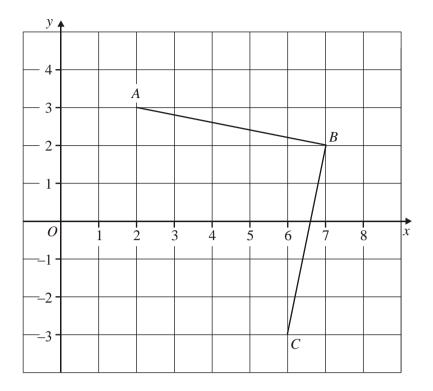
2. (a) On the grid plot the points with coordinates (3, 1), (5, 1) and (4, 4).



(b) Join the points and give the mathematical name of the shape.

Answer

(1) (Total 3 marks) **3.** Two sides of a square are shown on the grid.



(a) Write down the coordinates of A.

(b) Write down the coordinates of C.

(c) Draw two more lines to complete the square ABCD.

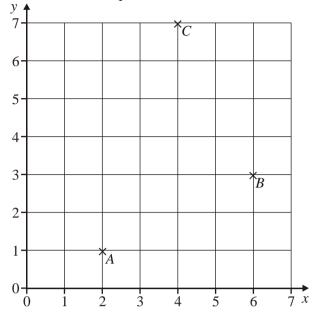
(1)

(d) M is the mid-point of AC.

Work out the coordinates of M.

(Total 5 marks)

4. Points *A*, *B* and C are three corners of a square *ABCD*.



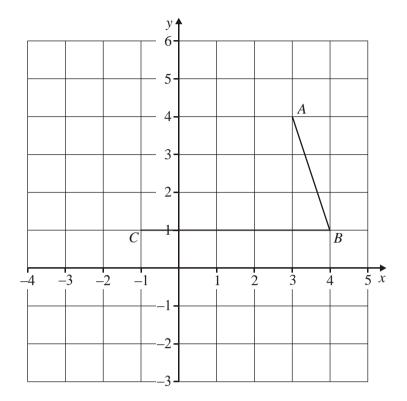
(a) Write down the coordinates of A, B and C.

| A () | |
|-------------|-----|
| <i>B</i> () | |
| <i>C</i> () | |
| | (2) |

(b) The point D(0, 5) is the fourth corner of the square. Mark, with \mathbf{X} , the position of the point D on the grid.

(1) (Total 3 marks)

5. Two sides of a parallelogram are drawn on the grid below.



(a) Write down the coordinates of the point A.

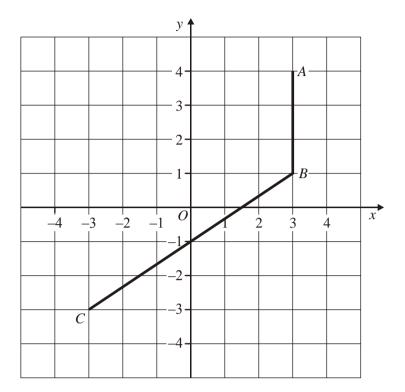
(b) Write down the coordinates of the point C.

(c) (i) Draw two more lines to complete the parallelogram ABCD.

(1)

(ii) Write down the coordinates of D.

6. Two sides of a parallelogram are drawn below



(a) Write down the coordinates of the point A.

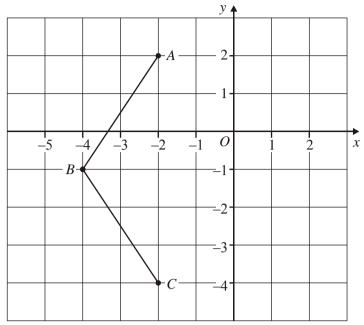
(b) Write down the coordinates of the point C.

(c) (i) Draw two lines to complete the parallelogram ABCD.

(1)

(ii) Write down the coordinates of the point D.

7. (a) AB and BC are two sides of a rhombus ABCD.

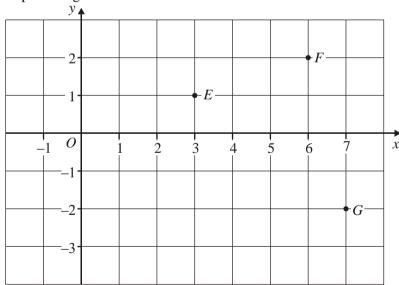


(i) Draw the rhombus *ABCD*.

(1)

(ii) Write down the coordinates of D.

(b) *EFGH* is a parallelogram.

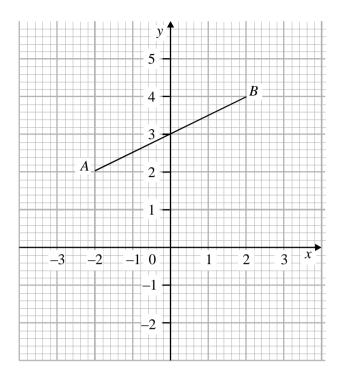


Write down the coordinates of H.

Answer H (.....) (2)

(Total 3 marks)

8. Two points, *A* and *B*, are marked on the grid.



(a) Write down the coordinates of B.

| Answer | |
|--------|-----|
| | (1) |

(b) Plot the point (2, 1) and label it C.

(c) Plot another point D so that ABCD is a parallelogram.

(d) Write down the coordinates of D.

| Answer | ••••• | |
|--------|--------|-------------|
| | | (1) |
| | (Total | al 4 marks) |

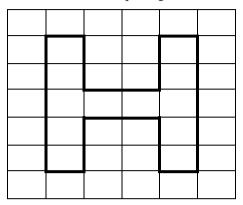
Success:

Target:



Section C Calculating Perimeter and Area Grade F → C

1. The letter H shape is drawn on a centimetre square grid.



| shape. | |
|--------|--------|
| S | shape. |

| |
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| |

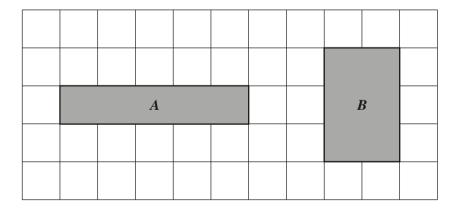
| Answer | · c | m |
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Answer

(b) Write down the area of the shape.



2. The diagram shows two rectangles, A and B.



Which rectangle has the greater perimeter? You must show your working.

| | |
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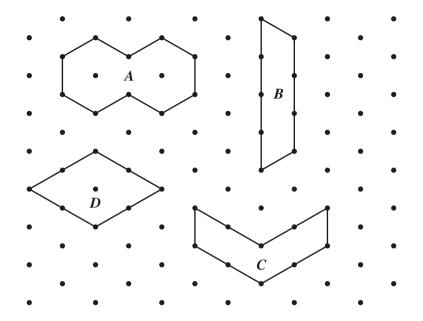
(1)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 7 | Topic ' | 10 - F |
|----|------|----------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------|--------|
| 3. | This | L shape is dra | wn on | a cen | timetı | e squa | are gri | d. | | | | | | | | PAV |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | μ. | _ | | |
| | (a) | Find the area | a of thi | s shap | e. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | A | Answe | r | ••••• | | ••••• | ••••• | | cm ² | | (1) |
| | (b) | On the grid l | below, | draw | a rect | angle | with t | he sar | ne are | a as t | he L s | hape. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |] | | | |
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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | J | (2)(Te | otal 3 n | narks) |
| 4. | The | diagram show | s a shaj | pe AB | CDE | F drav | vn on | a 1 cn | n grid. | A | | | | | | В |
| | | | | | | | | | | ŀ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | ŀ | | | D | | | C |
| | | | | 0.1 | | | | | | - | | | + | | | |
| | (a) | Work out the | e area o | of the | shape | e ABC | DEF. | | | F | | | $\stackrel{ bornound}{E}$ | | | |
| | | ••••• | •••••• | | | | ••••• | ••••• | •••••• | ••••• | •••••• | ••••• | | | | |
| | | | •••••• | • | • | | | | | | | | | cm ² | | |
| | | | | | | F | MISWE | 1 | ••••• | | ••••• | •••••• | •••••• | СП | | (1) |

(b) Work out the perimeter of the shape *ABCDEF*.

(1) (Total 2 marks)

5. Some shapes are drawn on a 1 centimetre triangular grid.



| (| a |) Which | two s | shapes | have 1 | the same | perimeter |
|---|---|---|-------|--------|--------|----------|-----------|
| ٦ | • | , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | | | P |

Answer(1)

(b) Which **two** shapes have the same area?

Answer(2)

(c) Which shape is a rhombus?

Answer(1)

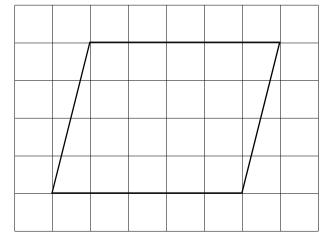
(d) Which shape is a trapezium?

Answer

(1)(Total 5 marks)

6. A parallelogram is drawn on a centimetre square grid.

Calculate the area of the parallelogram.



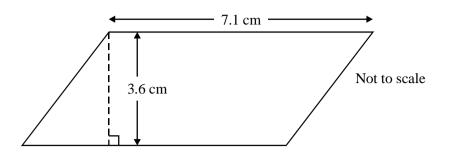
Answer cm²

(Total 2 marks)

(3)

| | • | ••••• | • • • • • • • • • • | | ••••• | • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • | | • |
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| | | | | | An | swer | Lengt | h | | | | cm |
| | | | | | | | Width | | | | | cm |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | (Total |
| A re | ctangle h | as lengt | h 7.1 cn | n and wi | dth 3.6 | cm. | | | | | | |
| | | • | | 7.1 | cm — | | | → | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 7 ↑ | | Not to | o scale | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 3.6 | cm | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | | C .1 | | -1- C: | | r answ | er to 1 | decim | al plac | e. | |
| (a) | Calcula | ate the a | irea of th | ie rectan | gie. Gi | ve you | i answ | 01 10 1 | | ar prac | | |

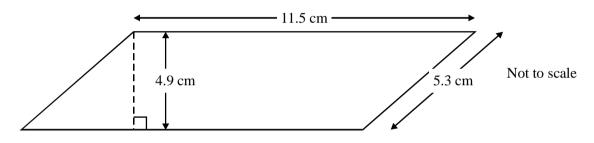
(b) The diagram shows a parallelogram.



| Explain why the area of the parallelogram is equal to the area of the rectangle. | |
|--|--|
| | |
| | |

(1)

(c) This diagram shows a different parallelogram of length 11.5 cm, height 4.9 cm and slant height 5.3 cm.



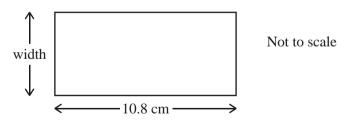
Calculate the area of this parallelogram.

| • | • | • | • | ••••• |
|---|---|---|---|-------|
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Answer cm² (2)

(Total 6 marks)

9. The length of a rectangle is 10.8 cm. The perimeter of the rectangle is 28.8 cm.



Calculate the width of the rectangle.

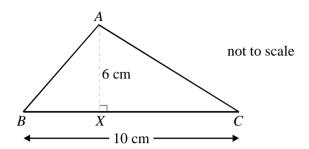
Answer cm

(Total 3 marks)

(Total 2 marks)

| | Small | arpet tiles in two different sizes. Large | |
|-----|------------------|---|-----------------|
| | | Large | |
| L | | $2500 \mathrm{cm}^2$ | Not to scale |
| 3 | 0 cm | | |
| | | | |
| (a) | What is the area | a of a small carpet tile? | |
| | | Answer | cm ² |
| (b) | What is the leng | gth of a side of a large carpet tile? | |
| | | Answer | cm |
| (-) | | | |
| (c) | | ectangular room is 300 cm long and all tiles are needed to carpet the floor | |
| (c) | | | |
| (c) | | | |
| (c) | | all tiles are needed to carpet the floo | |
| (c) | How many sma | all tiles are needed to carpet the floo | r? |
| (c) | How many sma | Answer Answer Answer Answer | r? |
| (c) | How many sma | Answer | (3)(Total 6 r |
| (c) | How many sma | Answer Answer A 5 cm | (3)(Total 6 r |

12. The diagram shows a triangle *ABC*. The base BC = 10 cm. The perpendicular height AX = 6 cm.



| Calculate the area of the triangle. | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| Answer | cm ² (Total 2 marks) |

13. The diagram shows the side wall of a building.

6 m

5 m

Not to scale

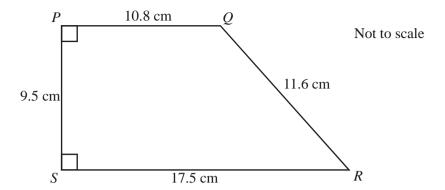
Calculate the area of the wall.

You must show all your working.

4 m

| | |
|--------|-----------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| Answer | |
| | (Total 4 marks) |

14. In the diagram below, PQ = 10.8 cm, QR = 11.6 cm, RS = 17.5 cm and PS = 9.5 cm. The angles at P and S are 90°



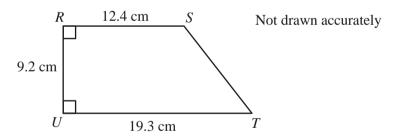
Calculate the area of *PQRS*.

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Answer cm²

(Total 3 marks)

15. In the diagram, RS = 12.4 cm, RU = 9.2 cm and UT = 19.3 cm The angles at R and U are 90°



Calculate the area of RSTU.

| •••••• | • | ••••• | ••••• | | •••••• | ••••• | ••••••• |
|--------|---|-------|---|-------|--------|-------|---------|
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Answercm²

(Total 3 marks)

Success:

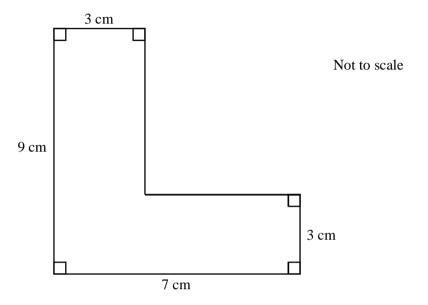
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Section D Compound Shapes Grade C

1. Calculate the area of this shape.



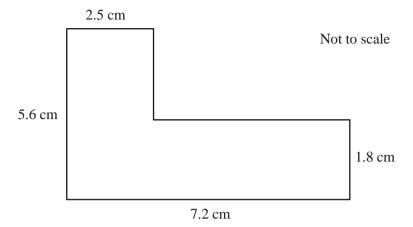
| You must show all your working. | |
|--|-----------------|
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| | Answer |
| | (Total 3 marks) |

(3)

(4)

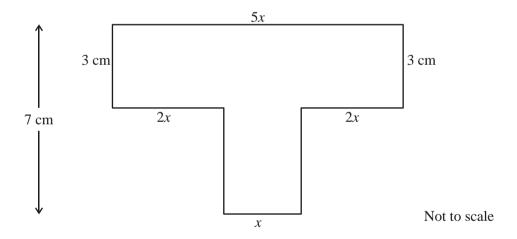
20

2. (a) This L-shape is made of rectangles.



| Calculate the area of the L-shape | 2. | |
|-----------------------------------|----|-----------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | cm ² |

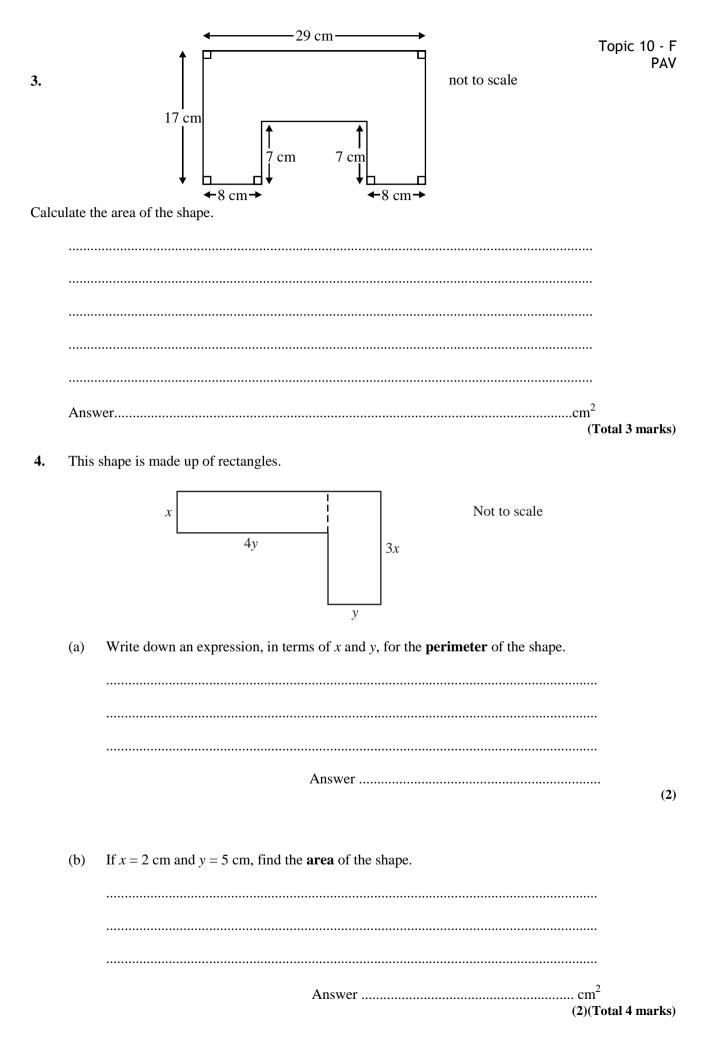
(b) This T-shape is also made of rectangles.



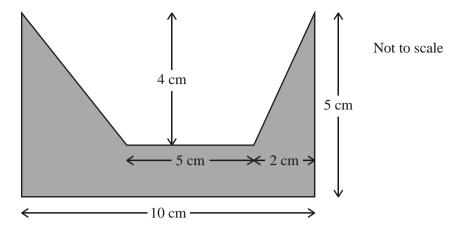
The perimeter of the T-shape is 29 cm.

| Work out the value of <i>x</i> . | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | Answer cm |

(Total 7 marks)



5. A shape has dimensions as shown.

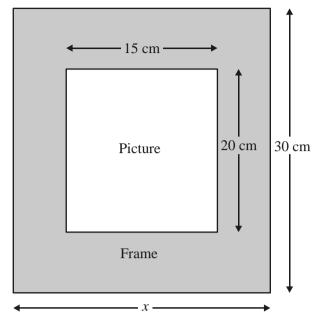


| Calculate the shaded area. | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Answer cm ² | |
| | | al 3 marks) |

6. What percentage of this shape is shaded?

| 5 m | | |
|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Not to scale | |
| 3 m 3 m | 5 m | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | ••• |
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| | | |
| | Answer | . % |
| • | | (Total 4 marks) |

7. The diagram shows a rectangular picture with a frame around it. The frame is the same width all the way round. The picture is 15 cm wide and 20 cm high. The total height of the picture **and** frame is 30 cm.



Not drawn accurately

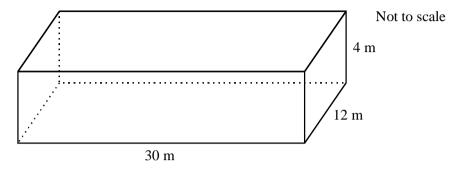
| (3) |
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Section E Volume and Surface Area

Grade C

1. A school hall is in the shape of a cuboid.



(a) The school hall is 30 m long, 12 m wide and 4 m high.

| (i) | Calculate the volume of the hall. | |
|------|--|-----|
| | | |
| | Answer m ³ | (2) |
| (ii) | Calculate the total area of the four walls of the hall. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Answer m ² | (3) |

(b) The school buys **ten** 5 litre tins of paint to paint the hall. The area to be painted is 279 m². Each tin covers 30 m². Calculate the percentage of paint used.

Answer %

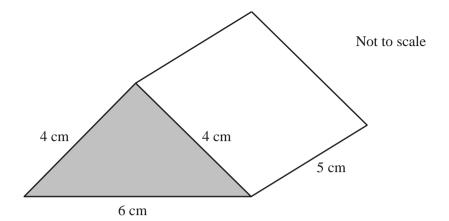
| | PAV |
|----|--|
| 2. | A cuboid is shown below. The cuboid has volume 60 cm ³ . The base is 6.2 cm long and 3.7 cm wide. |
| | (a) Calculate the height of the cuboid. 6.2 cm Give your Answer to a sensible degree of accuracy. |
| | |
| | Answer |
| 3. | The diagram shows a solid shape made from 4 one-centimetre cubes. |
| | What is the surface area of the solid shape? |
| | Answer |
| 4. | (Total 3 marks) (a) The diagram shows a triangle with base 20 cm and perpendicular height 4 cm. |
| | Calculate the area of the triangle. State the units of your answer. Not to scale |
| | |

St Paul's Catholic School 25

(3)

- 20 cm -

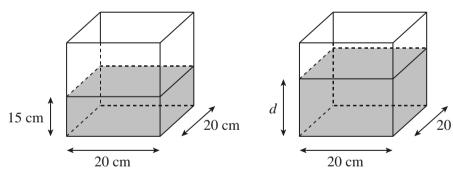
(b) The diagram shows a triangular prism.



| Answer | cm ³ (2)(Total 5 marks |
|--------|-----------------------------------|

5. A water container is in the shape of a cuboid. Its base is 20 cm by 20 cm and the depth of the water in the container is 15 cm. Tony adds 1000 cm³ of water to the container.

Not drawn accurately



Calculate the new depth, *d*, of the water, in centimetres.

Answer cm

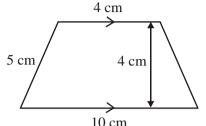
(Total 4 marks)

| TAT (| | | 1 |
|-------|----|-----|----|
| Not | to | SCa | lε |

Not to scale

| | | Тор |
|----|---|----------|
| 6. | The diagram shows a silver bar. | Not to s |
| | | |
| | | |
| | 15 cm | |
| | 4 cm | |
| | The cross-section of the silver bar is a trapezium. | |

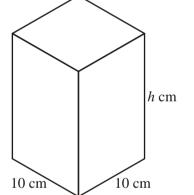
(a)



Not to scale

| Calculate the area of the cross-section. | 10 cm | |
|--|------------------------|-----|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | Answer cm ² | |
| | | (2) |

(b) The silver bar is 15 cm long. The bar is melted and the silver is then made into a cuboid. The base of the cuboid is 10 cm by 10 cm.



What is the height, *h*, of the cuboid?

Answer cm (3)(Total 5 marks)

| Success: | | | |
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| Target: | | | |
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